

History Skills & Vocabulary Progression Overview

BETHE BEST YOU CAN BE

			History	-Chronology			
Skills	To understand that there is a past and present. To use vocabulary today yesterday and tomorrow. To understand how old they are and that others are different ages also. To describe memories and changes that have happened in their own lives.	To recount memories from their own past (yesterday last week last year) To use vocabulary such as: old young new days years past. To understand that a timeline shows us how long ago something was. To order dates in their own life times. To sequence items and events that are close in time.	Building upon Year 1 objectives as well as Year 2. To understand that other people, countries or cultures have different histories to our own. To describe memories and changes in their own lives and other events. To understand that the past is split into different periods. To sequence dates and events on a simple timeline. To sequence pictures from an event in the past. Tell others about an event using past and present.	To be able to recall different events from the past (Previous studies and their own memories) Use vocabulary such as: AD and BC century decade. To identify different time periods on a timeline. To place events, people and changes into the correct order on a more complex timeline. To understand how some historical events/periods occurred concurrently in different locations e.g. Indus Valley and Ancient Egypt	Building upon Year 3 objectives as well as Year 4. To establish clear narratives of the periods of time they study. To identify changes across periods of history. Finding similarities and differences. To name and place dates on a timeline accurately. To place new events onto a timeline whilst making links to previous studies.	Building upon Year 3 objectives as well as Year 4. To order an increasing number of significant events, movements and dates on a timeline using dates accurately. To divide recent history into the present; using the 21st century and the past using 19th and 20th centuries. To place historical figures on a timeline using dates including those that are sometimes further apart and terms related to the unit being studied and passing of time To accurately use dates and terms to describe historical events	Building upon objectives from previous Years. To use a timeline confidently to explain and place dates, events and periods on, from Britain and the wider world. Including those happening simultaneously. To be able to place an event, artefact or historical figure on a timeline. To establish clear narratives of the periods of time they study. To be able to estimate when an artefact was from using knowledge and a timeline. To describe main changes in a period in history using a timeline and words such as: social religious political technological and cultural.
Key Vocabulary	today tomorrow yesterday older younger days years months old past family tree	old new before after today yesterday tomorrow in the past in the future significant event history order a long time ago when I was little / younger past since I was born famous remember before I was born	Earliest latest past present century new newest oldest modern before after significant before/after past/present then/now sequence chronological order lifetime	AD and BC (Anno Domini Before Christ) era decade century timeline time period chronological order earlier later significant event/ figure	AD and BC (Anno Domini Before Christ) era decade century timeline time period parallel chronological order earlier later accurately communities and tradition significant event/ figure	decade century millennium development similarity difference cause and effect legacy significant event/ figure evidence	Similarity difference cause and effect significant contrasts narrative connections trends evidence views legacy significant event/ figure beliefs connections impact
EYFS							
Year 1							
Year 2							
Year 3							
Year 4							
Year 5							
Year 6							

			History Dongo	nd Donth of Historica	al Knowlodgo		
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Skills	To explore and recall stories e.g. traditional tales stories that tell historical To talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. To know about similarities and differences between themselves and others and among families' communities and traditions.	To know and recount episodes from stories and significant events in history Identify differences between past and present in their own and others' lives. To describe significant individuals from the past. To describe the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements, some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods Identify differences between 2 different people in the past. To learn about changes within living memory To explore and describe significant historical events, people and places in their own locality and globally, within living memory.	Building upon Year 1 objectives as well as Year 2. To identify differences between past and present using evidence to support answers. To understand that there are reasons why people in the past acted as they did. To identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. To use evidence and sources to explain how people acted and why events happened. To explore and describe significant historical events, people and places in their own locality	To use evidence to describe the past: settlements, traditions, leisure, activities, and clothing items of importance, ways of life, religions buildings and their uses of tools. To describe changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age Use evidence to find out and describe how and why things may have changed over the time period (e.g. tools) To find out about the everyday lives of people in time studied compared with our life today. To give reasons for and understand how events have changed Britain and the world. To find connections and contrasts over time. To start to notice similarities and differences between communities.	Building upon Year 3 objectives as well as Year 4. To describe the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain, Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots and also the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor To understand how empires were formed and how they affected the wider world. To note key changes over a period of time and be able to explore reasons for those changes. To understand how the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain. To understand how people moved and settled indifferent countries.	To identify social cultural, religious and ethnic diversities of societies studied in Britain and wider World. To start to explain why changes happened across time. To give consequences of these changes. To describe the achievements of a given era and how it affects modern day. To start to notice trends and contrasts that occur over time. To describe the achievements of the earliest civilizations including of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the	Building on Year 5 objectives also. To understand how Britain has changed the world and how the world has changed Britain. To find out about different behaviour characteristics and beliefs and understand that not all people share the same views and feelings. To compare beliefs and behaviour with another period studied. To write their own explanation of an event using evidence to support their conclusion. To compare and contrast ancient civilisations. To make links between past societies and explain how these changed or impacted how we live today. To describe a non-European society that provides contrasts with British
Key Vocabulary	Same, different, stories, events, festivals, important, remember	Similarities, differences, describe, artefacts, lives, affects, celebrate, event(s), queen king rule, years, difference object, artefact, picture photograph, explain used for.	Artefacts, evidence, represent, sources, events, reasons, influenced local area, historical event, when grandparents were young, Britain, parliament older, person, source, research, Briton, clues, detective	civilisation, parliament, peasantry, monarch, settlement, invader, significant, reasons, evidence, kingdom, archaeologist, historian, influenced, settlers, settlement, invaders/invasion, conquer(ed), combat ,archaeologists, excavate evidence,	Century, empire, civilisation, parliament, and peasantry, monarch, settlement, migration, invader, significant, evidence, views, interpretations, influenced, modern, invaders/invasion, conquer(ed), combat archaeologists, excavate, evidence, achievements,	western world. Similarity, difference, cause and effect, significant, evidence, compare and contrast, trends, impact	history Beliefs, contrasts, connections, trends, evidence, views, interpretations, impact
TOPIC SPECIFIC VOCABULARY		Diablo whip and top croquet skipping rope skittles Jacob's ladder marble hopscotch blow football	nursed supplies Crimea Crimean War Scutari government British Hotel herbal remedies slums cholera wash house poverty 17th Century London Pudding Lane St Pauls Cathedral River Thames diary Britain capital city bakery change order architect Lord Mayor Sir Christopher Wren monument	Neolithic Palaeolithic Neolithic, chronology tribal hunter-gatherers Skara Brae Stonehenge Bronze Age	centurion emperor aqueduct gladiator Londinium Britannia Romanisation senate Roman baths amphitheatre Hadrian's Wall Colosseum fortress mosaic Dewa (Chester), Sutton Hoo kingdoms shires Shire reeve thane legacy Wessex Witan or witenagemot wergild churl Mercia, Norse raids vicious longhouse berserkers longship Odin Scandinavia Danelaw Jorvik	pharaoh tomb pyramid hieroglyphs vizier scribe sarcophagus mummy papyrus scarab, philosophy Athenians Spartans democracy Olympics plague truce Zeus loincloth Apollo Sacred truce temple	Norse raids vicious longhouse berserkers longship Odin Scandinavia Danelaw Jorvik Axis Allies Nazi evacuation evacuee Blitz Holocaust Luftwaffe refugees Kindertransport
EYFS							
Year 1							
Year 2 Year 3							
Year 4							
Year 5							
Year 6	1						

	History - Interpretations of History								
Skills	To begin to understand that other people have different experiences To talk about their own and other people's experiences. To talk about similarities and differences between experiences and events.	To begin to look at sources from the past to help understanding. (Books, artefacts, internet pictures, visits and museums). To observe and use pictures photographs and artefacts to find out about the past To listen and recount parts of stories from the past. To start to use stories or accounts to distinguish between fact and fiction To understand why someone was significant.	To start to compare two versions of a past event To understand why people behaved as they did and to be able to explain why using evidence (E.g. Florence Nightingale) To understand why someone was significant. To understand what effect a person or event had on the past.	To explore 2 different views or accounts of the past (pictures, art photographs) and to identify differences. To find and analyse a wide range of evidence about the past. To identify different views in history. To explain why accounts may be different.	To investigate different accounts of historical events and be able to explain some of the reasons why the accounts may be different. To explain why accounts may be different. To begin to choose the most significant historical account and explain their reasons. To consider different ways of checking the accuracy of interpretations of the past.	To look at the same event and identify different accounts and why they may be different. To identify clear reasons why the accounts are different. To understand that different account can have emotive reasons behind their views (in order to persuade others). To use a range of evidence to offer some clear reasons for different interpretations of events linking this to factual understanding about the past To begin to explain how different accounts may be reliable, rich and relevant. To begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources To know and understand that some evidence is propaganda opinion or misinformation and that this affects interpretations of history.	Building on Year 5 objectives also. To consider ways of checking accuracy of a source; fact fiction or opinion. To understand how archaeologist and historians arrived at a certain conclusion Suggests accurate and plausible reasons for how/why aspects of the past have been represented and interpreted in different ways. To know and understand that some evidence is propaganda opinion or misinformation and that this affects interpretations of history. To know that people in the past represent events or ideas in a way that may be to persuade others. To explain how different accounts may be reliable, rich and relevant. To use 3Rs to explain which is the most valid account. To start to understand the difference between primary and secondary evidence and the impact of this on reliability.		
Key Vocabulary	Experiences different similar/ same	Fact fiction same similar different significant sources artefacts difference object artefact picture photograph explain used for	Fact fiction similar different views sources artefacts effect significant.	Identify sources represent views evidence effect account interpreted historical argument opinion fact	Accounts different similar evidence evaluate interpreted accurate picture of the past version historical argument point of view opinion fact	Accounts different similar compare contrast accuracy reliable relevant rich primary and secondary propaganda emotive comparison role of Britain hypothesis reputation	Reliable relevant rich accuracy, valid conclusion interpreted persuade propaganda reputation suggests to weigh up both sides on one hand different experiences could have been might have been may be traditional view attitudes this source suggests that the source omits to mention biased one sided		
EYFS									
Year 1									
Year 2									
Year 3									
Year 4									
Year 5									
Year 6									

	History - Historical enquiry								
Skills	To learn about different events and stories. To explore the different features in their own environment and how they may vary from one another. To identify similarities and differences in relation to places, objects and living things.	To observe or handle artefacts or evidence to ask simple questions about the past. To answer simple questions about the sources they explore. To understand that we learn about the past by using sources (artefacts pictures, stories photographs)	To continue to build on Year 1 objectives. To understand that we learn about the past by using sources (artefacts pictures historical buildings stories eye —witness accounts) To choose and select evidence and say how it can be used to find out about the past. To answer questions such as 'Why did happen? When did happen? What was it like for? How would you feel if you lived in that time? To identify people who lived in the past from their appearance. To describe this using the person's features. (Estimating what period they are from) To ask questions about the past.	To know how to find out about the past using different sources and evidence e.g. internet pictures and diaries. To know how to observe historical buildings and research at a museum to find out about the past. With support, to follow a line of enquiry to answer a question and begin to undertake their own research. To regularly address and sometimes devise own questions to find answers about the past.	To continue to build on Year 3 objectives. To collect information about the past using different sources and evidence e.g. internet pictures and diaries. To follow a line of enquiry to answer a question and begin to undertake their own research using appropriate sources. To begin to construct informed responses about one aspect of life or a key event in the past through careful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. To devise questions about change cause similarity and difference and significance.	To use documents, printed sources, the internet databases, pictures photos, music artefacts, historic buildings and visits to collect information about the past. To also address historically valid questions and construct detailed informed response To recognise when they are using primary and secondary sources of information. To ask relevant questions about the past and be able to answer them using sources. To identify that there isn't always a single answer to a historical enquiry question. To devise questions about change cause similarity and difference and significance. To investigate their own lines of enquiry by posing historically valid questions.	Building on Year 3-6 objectives. To confidently construct informed responses about one aspect of life or a key event in the past through careful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. To identify different sources of information. To evaluate its effectiveness. To evaluate its validity. To be able to form own opinions about historical events and people. To be able to select appropriate sources for a line of enquiry.		
Key Vocabulary	Explore investigate learn questions answers	Sources artefacts archaeologists historians questions similarities differences affects	Eye witness questions choose answers artefacts evidence represent sources events reasons influenced local area historical event older person source research Briton clues detective	Estimate conclusions enquiry research archaeologists excavate evidence	Line of enquiry appropriate sources artefacts research choices	Investigate single answer historical enquiry valid	Effectiveness reliability conclusion evaluate appropriate select validity		
EYFS									
Year 1									
Year 2									
Year 3									
Year 4									
Year 5									
Year 6									

	History - Organisation and communication									
Skills	To be able to retell some traditional tales.	To recount stories or parts of stories from the past.	To recount stories or parts of stories from the past.	To recall and organise information using dates and historical periods.	To present, communicate and organise ideas about	To recall different events from the past and make links	To present findings in a clear and structured way written and orally.			
	To recall events from	'	'	,	the past using models	between them. To	,			
	their past and tell a friend or adult.	To present their learning in different ways (talking, writing role play drawings	To present their learning in different ways (talking, writing role play drawings	To present their learning in different ways (talking writing	drama role play and different genres of writing including	present how these events have affected life today.	To present work in groups and independently showing initiative. Using labelled			
	To tell a friend or adult what they have done	and art.)	and art.)	role play drawings and art debate information	letters recounts poems adverts	To present structured	diagrams, charts tables and written explanation texts.			
	that week/ weekend or are going to do.	To write their own birthdate and the date each day.	To describe objects, people and events from the past.	texts newspapers diaries.) Using historical vocabulary.	diaries posters and guides. To debate and	and organised findings about the past using speaking, writing maths ICT	To use dates and terminology accurately.			
	To present their learning in different ways (talking, writing role play drawings and art.)	To show an understanding of historical terms such as monarch parliament government war	To present their learning about the past to others using labelled diagrams. To write about the past.	To begin to debate and present their own opinions about different topics in	present their own opinions about different topics in history (Using PEE)	drama and drawing skills. (With support) To present work in groups and	To discuss the most appropriate way to present information realising that it is for an audience.			
	To know the day of the	remembrance.	(In 1st or 3rd person)	history.	To use and understand	independently showing initiative.	To plan and present a self- directed project or research			
	week.	To use historical vocabulary to retell simple stories about the past.	To use evidence to help explain answers.		appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate information.	To plan and present a self-directed project or research about the studied period.	about the studied period.			
Key Vocabulary	draw talk show remember stories	retell recall historical words stories write remember	explain write present evidence recall remember	explain write present evidence debate historical vocabulary organise	communicate present evidence debate historical vocabulary organise connections research independent	communicate present evidence debate research organise connections affected enquiry independent	summarise discuss structured clearly appropriate audience enquiry major initiative influence changes continuity present debate audience			
EYFS										
Year 1										
Year 2										
Year 3										
Year 4										
Year 5										
Year 6										